**The Indus Valley Civilization is also known as:**

A. Aryan Civilization

B. Harappan Civilization

C. Mauryan Civilization

D. Gupta Civilization

**Answer**: B. Harappan Civilization

**The Indus Valley Civilization was discovered in:**

A. 1600 AD

B. 1901 AD

C. 1921 AD

D. 1935 AD

**Answer**: C. 1921 AD

**The two most famous cities of the Indus Valley Civilization are:**

A. Harappa and Lothal

B. Harappa and Mohenjo-Daro

C. Kalibangan and Lothal

D. Ropar and Kalibangan

**Answer**: B. Harappa and Mohenjo-Daro

**Which river was important for the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Ganga

B. Yamuna

C. Indus

D. Saraswati

**Answer**: C. Indus

**The Great Bath, a famous structure, was found in:**

A. Lothal

B. Mohenjo-Daro

C. Harappa

D. Dholavira

**Answer**: B. Mohenjo-Daro

**Which material was predominantly used in the construction of Indus Valley buildings?**

A. Stone

B. Clay

C. Wood

D. Burnt bricks

**Answer**: D. Burnt bricks

**Which of the following is a port city of the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Harappa

B. Mohenjo-Daro

C. Lothal

D. Dholavira

**Answer**: C. Lothal

**Which animal appears frequently on the seals of the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Horse

B. Bull

C. Elephant

D. Tiger

**Answer**: B. Bull

**Which of the following was not known to the Indus Valley people?**

A. Gold

B. Iron

C. Bronze

D. Copper

**Answer**: B. Iron

**The script of the Indus Valley Civilization is:**

A. Alphabetical

B. Hieroglyphic

C. Undeciphered

D. Phonetic

**Answer**: C. Undeciphered

**The major occupation of the Indus Valley people was:**

A. Trade

B. Agriculture

C. Weaving

D. Pottery

**Answer**: B. Agriculture

**Which craft was highly developed in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Weaving

B. Metalwork

C. Pottery

D. Stone carving

**Answer**: C. Pottery

**Which of the following is an example of town planning in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Citadel

B. Fortifications

C. Drainage system

D. Stupa

**Answer**: C. Drainage system

**What type of economy did the Indus Valley Civilization have?**

A. Agricultural and trading economy

B. Industrial economy

C. Nomadic economy

D. Hunting and gathering economy

**Answer**: A. Agricultural and trading economy

**Which among the following was not a feature of the Indus Valley houses?**

A. Well-planned streets

B. Underground drainage system

C. Windows facing the streets

D. Flat-roofed houses

**Answer**: C. Windows facing the streets

**Which metal was primarily used by the people of the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Bronze

B. Iron

C. Gold

D. Tin

**Answer**: A. Bronze

**Which city of the Indus Valley had an advanced dockyard?**

A. Harappa

B. Mohenjo-Daro

C. Kalibangan

D. Lothal

**Answer**: D. Lothal

**The Indus Valley people were the first to cultivate:**

A. Wheat

B. Rice

C. Barley

D. Cotton

**Answer**: D. Cotton

**Which site of the Indus Valley Civilization is located in modern-day Pakistan?**

A. Dholavira

B. Lothal

C. Harappa

D. Kalibangan

**Answer**: C. Harappa

**The people of the Indus Valley were unaware of:**

A. Trade

B. Copper

C. Horses

D. Writing

**Answer**: C. Horses

**The granaries found in the Indus Valley cities indicate:**

A. The presence of organized farming

B. Grain-based economy

C. Trade with other civilizations

D. Storage for food in case of famine

**Answer**: A. The presence of organized farming

**Which of the following crops was not cultivated by the Indus Valley people?**

A. Wheat

B. Barley

C. Maize

D. Peas

**Answer**: C. Maize

**What indicates that the Indus Valley Civilization had contacts with Mesopotamia?**

A. Presence of seals

B. Similar type of pottery

C. Presence of Mesopotamian artifacts in Indus sites

D. All of the above

**Answer**: D. All of the above

**The main deity worshipped by the people of the Indus Valley was:**

A. Indra

B. Pashupati (proto-Shiva)

C. Vishnu

D. Durga

**Answer**: B. Pashupati (proto-Shiva)

**Which important artifact suggests the presence of trade in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Terracotta figurines

B. Beads and seals

C. Pottery

D. Jewelry

**Answer**: B. Beads and seals

**Which of the following sites was the largest city in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Harappa

B. Mohenjo-Daro

C. Kalibangan

D. Dholavira

**Answer**: B. Mohenjo-Daro

**Which Indus Valley city is famous for its water reservoirs?**

A. Harappa

B. Mohenjo-Daro

C. Kalibangan

D. Dholavira

**Answer**: D. Dholavira

**The people of the Indus Valley made seals out of which material?**

A. Stone

B. Clay

C. Metal

D. Steatite

**Answer**: D. Steatite

**Which of the following was not found in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Planned cities

B. Advanced drainage system

C. Temples

D. Public baths

**Answer**: C. Temples

**Which animal was not domesticated by the Indus Valley people?**

A. Cow

B. Dog

C. Horse

D. Sheep

**Answer**: C. Horse

**Which form of government was likely practiced in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Monarchy

B. Democracy

C. Theocracy

D. No conclusive evidence

**Answer**: D. No conclusive evidence

**The seals of the Indus Valley Civilization mostly depict:**

A. Kings and warriors

B. Religious symbols

C. Animals

D. Daily life scenes

**Answer**: C. Animals

**Which of the following sites revealed evidence of plowed fields?**

A. Harappa

B. Kalibangan

C. Lothal

D. Dholavira

**Answer**: B. Kalibangan

**The people of the Indus Valley used which measurement system?**

A. Decimal system

B. Binary system

C. Egyptian cubits

D. Roman numerals

**Answer**: A. Decimal system

**Which Indus Valley city is famous for having a well-planned dockyard?**

A. Harappa

B. Lothal

C. Mohenjo-Daro

D. Kalibangan

**Answer**: B. Lothal

**Which city is known as the twin city of Harappa?**

A. Mohenjo-Daro

B. Kalibangan

C. Lothal

D. Dholavira

**Answer**: A. Mohenjo-Daro

**The Indus Valley Civilization is believed to have ended due to:**

A. Invasions by Aryans

B. Natural disasters

C. Decline in trade

D. All of the above

**Answer**: D. All of the above

**Which river's change in course might have contributed to the decline of the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Yamuna

B. Saraswati

C. Ganga

D. Brahmaputra

**Answer**: B. Saraswati

**Which tool was primarily used in agriculture in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Iron plough

B. Wooden plough

C. Bronze sickles

D. Stone axes

**Answer**: B. Wooden plough

**What kind of burial practices did the Indus Valley people follow?**

A. Cremation

B. Burial in brick-lined graves

C. Burial in wooden coffins

D. Mummification

**Answer**: B. Burial in brick-lined graves

**Which site revealed evidence of the world's first tidal dockyard?**

A. Mohenjo-Daro

B. Lothal

C. Harappa

D. Kalibangan

**Answer**: B. Lothal

**Which river was closest to the city of Harappa?**

A. Yamuna

B. Indus

C. Ravi

D. Saraswati

**Answer**: C. Ravi

**Which of the following sites is located in Gujarat?**

A. Kalibangan

B. Dholavira

C. Harappa

D. Mohenjo-Daro

**Answer**: B. Dholavira

**The people of the Indus Valley used a form of writing called:**

A. Cuneiform

B. Hieroglyphs

C. Brahmi

D. Indus script

**Answer**: D. Indus script

**Which archaeologist is credited with discovering Mohenjo-Daro?**

A. Alexander Cunningham

B. R.D. Banerjee

C. Mortimer Wheeler

D. John Marshall

**Answer**: B. R.D. Banerjee

**What was the significance of granaries in the Indus Valley cities?**

A. Storage of food grains

B. Administrative buildings

C. Religious structures

D. Housing for workers

**Answer**: A. Storage of food grains

**The people of the Indus Valley produced which type of cloth?**

A. Wool

B. Silk

C. Cotton

D. Linen

**Answer**: C. Cotton

**Which among the following sites was discovered first in the Indus Valley Civilization?**

A. Harappa

B. Mohenjo-Daro

C. Lothal

D. Kalibangan

**Answer**: A. Harappa

**The presence of which structure at Lothal suggests a maritime trade system?**

A. Reservoirs

B. Dockyard

C. Fortress

D. Citadel

**Answer**: B. Dockyard

**Which region was referred to as 'Meluhha' by Mesopotamians, believed to be part of the Indus Valley?**

A. Egypt

B. Mesopotamia

C. Indus Valley

D. Persia

**Answer**: C. Indus Valley